

Your naloxone purchase should include:

- At least 2 doses 0.4 mg/ml naloxone
- At least 2 retractable VanishPoint® syringes

What is naloxone and why do you need it?

Naloxone is an antidote to opioid overdose. Taking too much of opioid drugs (like morphine, oxycodone, methadone, heroin, or fentanyl) can slow down or stop breathing. Naloxone restores normal breathing and consciousness within 1 to 5 minutes of injection. Giving naloxone can prevent death or brain damage from lack of oxygen during an opioid overdose. Naloxone can be injected through clothing into the big muscle of the thigh, arm or buttocks.

Signs of Opioid Overdose



Not responsive to noise or touch



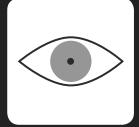
Breathing will be slow or absent



Choking, gurgling or snoring sounds



Lips or nails are blue, skin is cold or clammy



Pupils are tiny

Overdose is a medical emergency - CALL 9-1-1 | Tell attendant: Person is not responsive and not breathing.

HealthLink BC: 8-1-1

BC Drug & Poison Information Centre: 1-800-567-8911

SAVE ME Protocol

Follow the SAVE ME steps below to respond.



Stimulate Unresponsive? CALL 911



Ventilate 1 breath every 5 seconds



Evaluate





If the person must be left

unattended at any time, put

them in the recovery position.

1st dose of naloxone



Muscular Injection Evaluate

How to Give Breaths



Tilt head back to open the airway





Pinch nose. Cover mouth with mask or clothing



Breathing can slow down during an overdose but the heart is probably still beating - Give breaths to keep them alive

How to Use Naloxone











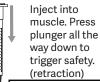
Push top away from you to snap open the ampoule.



Pull plunger to draw up liquid









College of Pharmacists of British Columbia



Developed with the BC Centre for Disease Control





